

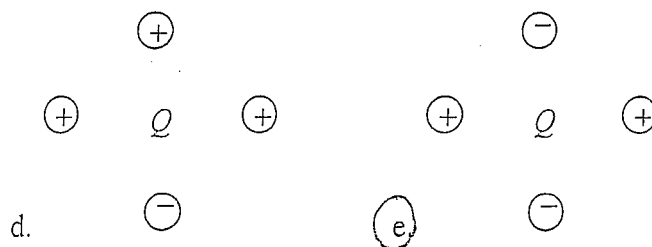
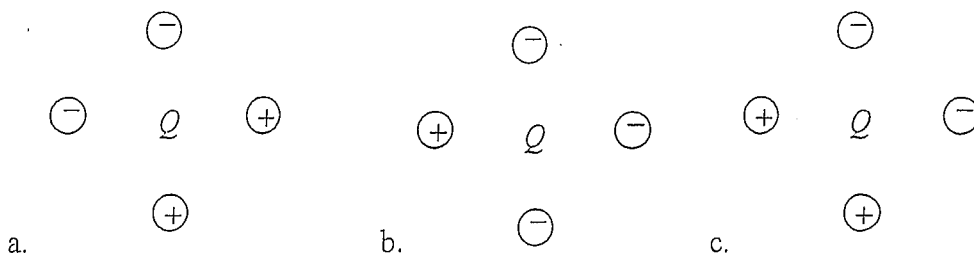
Multiple Choice:

(6 marks)

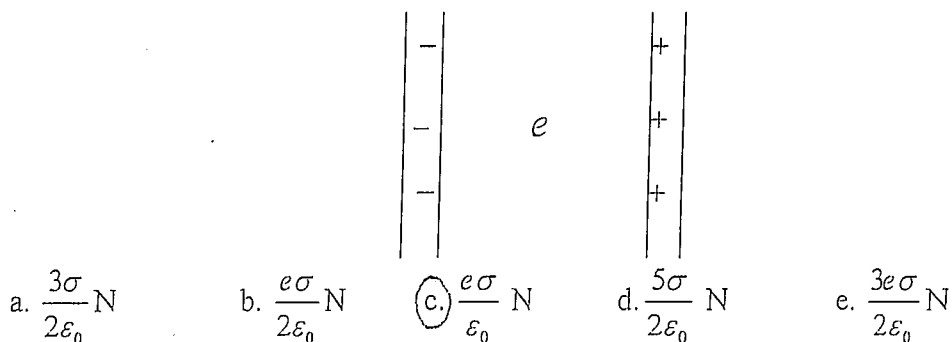
1. $Q_1, Q_2, Q_3,$ and Q_4 are three identical spherical conductors. Q_1, Q_2 and Q_3 are neutral and Q_4 has a charge Q . If Q_4 touches Q_1 then Q_2 then Q_3 , how much is the charge on Q_4 ?

- a. Q b. $\frac{Q}{2}$ c. $\frac{Q}{4}$ **d. $\frac{Q}{8}$** e. other than that.

2. In the following figure, the surrounding charges to Q are of equal magnitude and are equidistant from Q . Which charge arrangement neutralizes the force on Q ?



3. How much is the magnitude of the electric force on an electron sandwiched between two non-conducting plates having the same charge density, σ ?



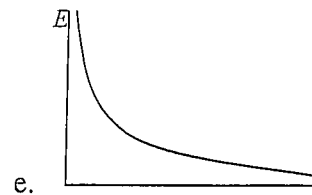
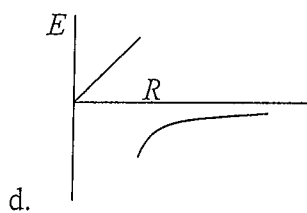
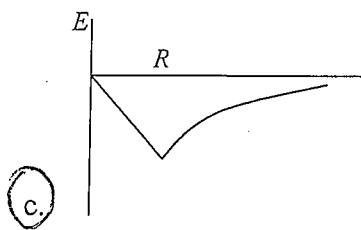
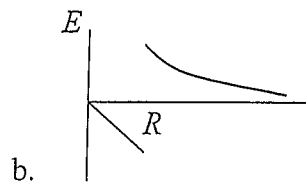
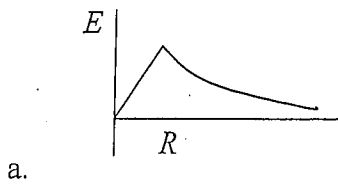
4. A point charge of $1.8 \mu\text{C}$ is at the center of a cubical Gaussian surface of edge 55 cm. What is the electric flux through each face?

- a. $5.7 \times 10^5 \text{ N.m}^2 \text{ C}^{-1}$ b. $2.0 \times 10^5 \text{ N.m}^2 \text{ C}^{-1}$ c. $7.9 \times 10^5 \text{ N.m}^2 \text{ C}^{-1} \text{ NC}^{-1}$
 d. $1.3 \times 10^5 \text{ N.m}^2 \text{ C}^{-1}$ **e.** $0.3 \times 10^5 \text{ N.m}^2 \text{ C}^{-1}$.

5. How much is the force on a proton $4 \mu\text{m}$ away from the center of a dipole whose dipole moment is $8 \times 10^{-24} \text{ Cm}$.

- a. $9.0 \times 10^{-13} \text{ N}$ b. $2.2 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$ c. $1.2 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$
d. $3.6 \times 10^{-16} \text{ N}$ e. other than that

6. Which of the following figure describes the electric field inside and outside a solid spherical non-conducting ball with radius R and negative charge q distributed uniformly?

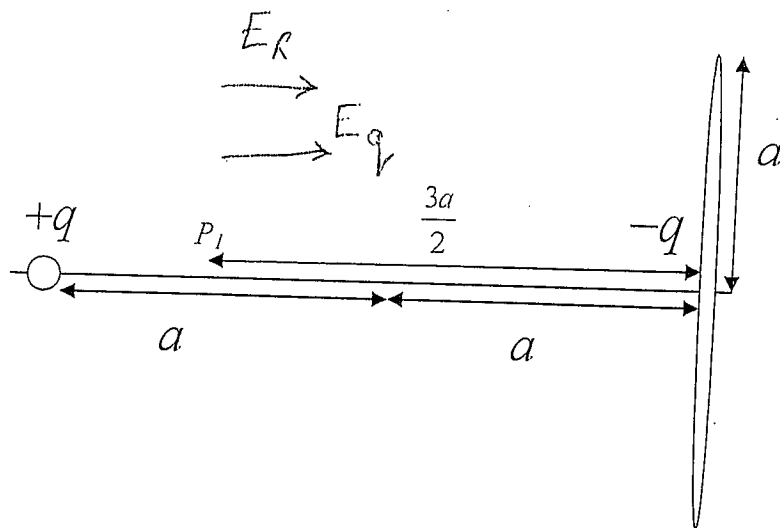


Problems:

1. A ring with radius a of uniform negative charge $-q$ is at a distance $2a$ from a positive charge $+q$ laying along the axis of the ring. Find the net electric field due to the ring and the positive charge at point P_1 at distance $\frac{3a}{2}$ from the ring.

Take $a = 3 \text{ cm}$, $q = 3 \mu\text{C}$.

(4 marks)



$$E = E_R + E_q$$

$$= \frac{q \frac{3a}{2}}{4\pi\epsilon_0 \left(\frac{9a^2}{4} + a^2 \right)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{4q}{a^2}$$

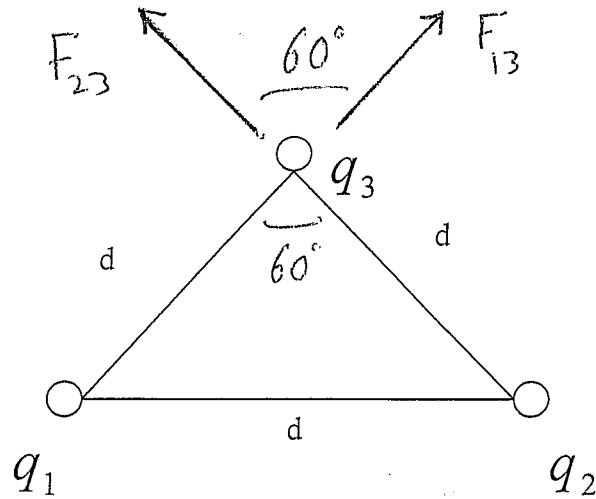
$$= k \frac{12qa}{(13a^2)^{3/2}} + k \frac{4q}{a^2}$$

$$= kq \left(\frac{12a}{(13a^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4}{a^2} \right)$$

$$= 128 \times 10^6 \hat{i} \text{ Nc}^{-1}$$

2. Three charges, $q_1 = q_2 = +5\text{nC}$ and $q_3 = +7\text{nC}$ are located at the corners of an equilateral (equal sided) triangle with edge length $d=3\text{ cm}$. What is the force on q_3 ?

(4 marks)



$$F_y = (F_{23} + F_{13}) \cos(30^\circ)$$

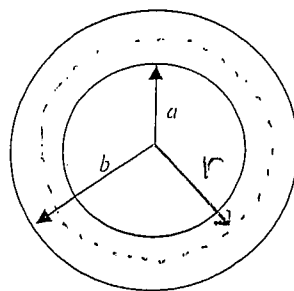
$$= 2 K \frac{(5 \times 10^{-9})(7 \times 10^{-9})}{(3 \times 10^{-2})^2} \cos(30^\circ)$$

$$= 6.1 \times 10^{-4} \hat{j} \text{ N}$$

3. a. What is the electric field inside a non-conducting spherical shell of an inner radius a and an outer radius b ? The volume charge density through the shell is non-uniform with $\rho = \frac{(r^3 - a^3)}{r^3} c$, where c is a constant, in terms of C/m^3 and r is the distance from the center of the sphere.
- b. What is the electric field at the surface of the sphere?
Express your results in terms of ϵ_0 , a and b .

(6 marks)

$$a) \epsilon_0 \oint E \cdot dA = q_{enc}$$



$$\epsilon_0 E 4\pi r^2 = \int \frac{r^3 - a^3}{r^3} c 4\pi r^2 dr$$

$$\epsilon_0 E r^2 = c \int_a^r r^2 dr - c \int_a^r \frac{a^3}{r} dr$$

$$= \frac{c}{3} (r^3 - a^3) - ca^3 (\ln r - \ln a)$$

$$\therefore E = \frac{c(r^3 - a^3)}{3\epsilon_0 r^2} - \frac{ca^3}{\epsilon_0 r^2} \ln\left(\frac{r}{a}\right) \text{ at } r$$

$$b) E_s = \frac{c(b^3 - a^3)}{3\epsilon_0 b^2} - \frac{ca^3}{\epsilon_0 b^2} \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) \text{ at } b$$